CSI WINTER ELECTIVES: LOVING THE LORD

ROMANCE OF WORSHIP

Experiencing the Presence of God through selected Psalms

2013 Church Theme: Moving Upward

"...The structure surrounding the temple was built in ascending stages, so that the rooms widened as one went upward". Ezekiel 41:7 (NIV)

Class Schedule: Tues. & Wed. 2/12 & 13 - Tues. & Wed. 3/19 & 20

Note: No classes 3/12 & 13 due to Spring Revival

- I. Introduction of Class Purpose and Goals:
 - To review how Ancient Israel used the Psalms in Worship
 - Focus on how the Psalms can be used as a guide to our own Worship
 - Draw us into a deeper and upward "love affair" with God
- II. What is your favorite Psalm and why?

III. What is a Psalm?

- Meaning of Greek title of the book of Psalm is "sacred songs" sung to musical accompaniment
- Hebrew words translated *psalm* and *song* are both terms of *music*.
- Psalms are music without notes
- Psalms are the lyrics for the hymns of ancient Israel
- Psalms are poems

- Psalms are prayers, but they are really about Praise
- Human responses to God's word and actions
- Definition: Read page 27.
- IV. Types of Psalms
 - A. Praise Psalms
 - Community (Ps. 124; 135)
 - Individual (Ps. 9; 18; 30; 32; 40: 1-12)
 - Descriptive (Exults in the person of God)
 - Declarative (Emphasis on what God has done for his people) (Ps. 100; 8; 29; 33; 103 -104; 105; 113; 145-150
 - **B.** Psalms of Lament (The Blues)
 - Community (Ps. 44; 60; 74; 79)
 - Individual (Ps. 3-17 (ex. 8;9;15);
 - C. Calls to Worship (Ps. (100)
 - D. Liturgical (worship) Psalms
 - Sacrifice of praise & Psalm of praise (*todah*) (Ps. 66; 118; 107)
 - Pilgrimage songs (Ps. 120 134)
 - Songs of Zion (Ps. 46;48;76;84)
 - Psalms of blessings (Ps. 121)
 - Entrance Instructions (Ps. 24:3-6)

E.Others: Royal Psalms, Wisdom Psalms, Creation Psalms, Messianic Psalms & Enthronement Psalms